April 13, 2021

Dear Speaker Pelosi and Leader McCarthy:

I write to share the National Retail Federation’s opposition to H.R. 7, the Paycheck Fairness Act (PFA). NRF and its members strongly believe that employees should be compensated equitably and without discrimination. However, this legislation will significantly limit legitimate, non-discriminatory pay differences and provide for unlimited compensatory and punitive damages in certain instances. Please note that NRF will consider votes for and co-sponsorship of the Paycheck Fairness Act and related amendments as part of the Retail Opportunity Index for our voting scorecard.

NRF, the world’s largest retail trade association, passionately advocates for the people, brands, policies and ideas that help retail thrive. From its headquarters in Washington, D.C., NRF empowers the industry that powers the economy. Retail is the nation’s largest private-sector employer, contributing $3.9 trillion to annual GDP and supporting one in four U.S. jobs — 52 million working Americans. For over a century, NRF has been a voice for every retailer and every retail job, educating, inspiring and communicating the powerful impact retail has on local communities and global economies.

The PFA would amend the Equal Pay Act of 1963 (EPA) by requiring employers to provide non-gender, business reasons for any wage differential. It replaces the EPA’s “factor other than sex” defense with a “bona fide factor” defense, requiring an employer to demonstrate that any wage disparity is (1) not based upon or derived from a sex-based differential in compensation; (2) related to the position in question; (3) consistent with business necessity; and (4) fully accounted for in the compensation at issue. The bill would also make retailers and other employers liable for unlimited punitive and compensatory damages under the FLSA and increase pay-based class action lawsuits against employers.

Two federal statutes already bar gender-based pay discrimination. Both the Equal Pay Act of 1963 and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 prohibit unequal pay on the basis of sex and provide for substantial remedies in instances where gender-based pay differentials do
occur. In contrast, the Paycheck Fairness Act would prohibit many legitimate, non-discriminatory practices that retailers use to attract and retain talent and would create uncertainty under the law.

Moreover, the legislation would limit employers’ flexibility to compensate its employees based on a wide variety of factors, including differences based on geography, expertise, management responsibilities and prior salary history.

Retailers are committed to ensuring their workplaces are free of discrimination of any kind, and NRF stands ready to work with lawmakers on policies that promote workforce development and equal opportunity under the law. Unfortunately, this legislation misses the mark by creating additional uncertainty and opportunities for frivolous litigation. For these reasons, NRF urges members to vote “No” on the Paycheck Fairness Act.

Sincerely,

David French
Senior Vice President
Government Relations

cc: Members of U.S. House of Representatives